

Columbia Needs 30 Millions for New Buildings

President Butler Assails the Economic Note in Education, Which He Holds Is Based on Self-Interest

Cites False Philosophy

Says School's Chief Task Is to Prepare Youth to Live and Not to Make a Living

Declaring that Columbia University needed \$30,000,000 for new buildings and departmental expansion, President Nicholas Murray Butler issued his annual report yesterday, and in a critical estimate of general educational problems found both the public schools and the institutions of higher learning at fault.

Dr. Butler, in particular, scored the dominance of the economic note in education, which he says is based on self-interest. He said that the interpretation of liberal-mindedness should not be made to include "freaks, oddities, revolutionaries, and those whose conduct carries them close to the border line which, if crossed, would require them to be put in confinement in the interest of social welfare and social safety." He pleaded for simple, rational and systematic teaching, and said the decline in educational power was due to a "widely influential and wholly false philosophy of education, which has operated to destroy the excellence of the American school and college without putting anything in its place."

Endowments are needed, Dr. Butler says, for new buildings for classrooms, laboratories and residences at Columbia to make possible the execution of plans for the medical school and to undertake other well matured projects.

Wants Stadium on North River

Dr. Butler said the plan for a stadium on the North River, between 115th and 122nd streets, should be carried to completion. This stadium, he said, would be a great addition to the open air resources of New York City.

What is to be done that the student attendance at Columbia has grown rapidly in recent years, according to Dr. Butler, the large increases in attendance have been chiefly in the summer session and in extension teaching.

In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision



Mrs. H. H. Rogers

She is at the Hotel Plaza, having returned from Southampton, Long Island, a fortnight ago with Mr. Rogers and their daughter, Miss Mary Millicent Rogers. Mrs. Rogers was a member of the committee in charge of the Venetian ball given last week at the Hotel Plaza.

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Recent increases of fees, the report said, have taken care of salary increases amounting to \$500,000. At the same time greatly increased provision

mer session and in extension teaching. In Columbia College the registration has grown steadily in spite of the raising of educational standards, of more effective administration of the requirements for admission, and of an increase in fees. The college has grown from 425 in 1909 to 1,001 in 1919-1920. Barnard in the same period has grown from 358 to 755. Dr. Butler reported that fully 75 per cent of the Columbia College students go forward to graduate or professional study either here or elsewhere.

Methodists Receive Letter From Actors In Silent Contempt

Neither They Nor Persons Who Attend Theaters Are Wanted in the Church, Bishop Berry Explains

Special Dispatch to The Tribune
ATLANTIC CITY, Nov. 28.—Bishop Joseph P. Berry, presiding officer at the conference of the board of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, isn't going to answer the letter which the Actors' Equity Association sent to the board protesting against the exclusion of dancing teachers from the church and asking whether actors also were under the ban.

He regards the letter as an "affront," he said to-day, and made it plain that neither actors nor persons who went to theaters were wanted in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

"Dancing and theater-going are placed in the same category as games of chance," Bishop Berry said. "And both of them are specifically prohibited. Inasmuch as we prohibit these iniquities, we could scarcely be expected to admit to membership those who are responsible for their promotion."

The letter has received only silent contempt. No attention whatever has been paid to these people. If they are sane they give no evidence of it by any of their public declarations. The fact that they would address a communication of this nature to the body like the board of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church would be regarded as very strong evidence, if an effort was made to prove a case of insanity.

"We desire neither advice nor dictation from such a source. Our silence upon the matter is the best evidence of our contempt with which we regard the alleged communication. I doubt if there is a dancing master or actor anywhere in the world who is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church."

regard the institution with which they are identified as directly opposed to the Christian life and no dancing master or actor could get in without very sincere repentance."

Two theories for Booth Hall of Fame Failure

Special Dispatch to The Tribune
BOSTON, Nov. 28.—When Albert Victor Seales was asked to-day whether the secret that he had received \$50,000 through his settlement of the contest over the will of his uncle, Edward P. Seales, which left him \$250,000, he said:

"I shall neither say that it is so nor that it is not, nor anything about it. A secret settlement has been made and it is the business of the family. When asked why the settlement must be secret he declared: 'For various reasons. One of them is that all concerned have agreed that it shall be kept secret. Another is that I do not wish to be bothered by the curiosity of spongers and gossips. I am not planning to be what is commonly known as a philanthropist. But there are certain good reasons that I would like to do, but I wish to do them in my own way. I can work better if I am not bothered by a lot of people chasing after me.'"

The nephew admits he doesn't know why his uncle sought to cut him off with but \$250,000, but suspects a love romance played its part.

Fifty-odd years ago a pretty Irish girl married a young man whose name was Katherine Linahan. She caught the eye of Edward Seales. Matters were progressing satisfactorily. Edward's brother, Arthur, came back from war with a broken heart, married Katherine. Albert Victor is his son.

"I shall go on living just about as I have been," said Seales. "I have certain ideas regarding what I want to do. I have that I am sadly lacking in good taste. I have a plan whereby children could be taught things in a way that would give them good taste in everything. I am not a fan of the various things, all without conscious effort. There is plenty to be done, more than I can ever hope to accomplish."

Seales lives in a three-room apartment. He eats his meals at restaurants. He looks to be about thirty-five years old, but admits he is fifty-one. He doesn't seem to be a very young man, but he is not for the fact that he is very hard. He believes he has an idea about airplanes that will revolutionize their construction.

Wilson Offers Tumulty \$12,000 Justiceship

Secretary Is Considering Tender and May Accept if Senate Won't Fight the Appointment

From The Tribune's Washington Bureau
WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, has been offered appointment by the President as Chief Justice of the United States by the Department of Appeals, he announced in a statement to-night.

Mr. Tumulty said that he is considering the appointment. It is understood that the President's offer to the Senate will be sounded regarding the possibility of the Senate confirming the proposed appointment as a permanent position. He is not an outgoing President, and that, in the event of his resignation, the President's secretary will accept the place.

The chief justiceship of the Federal Court is a position of great importance and carries with it an annual salary of \$12,000. It has been generally believed in political circles here that President Wilson would offer his resignation to the Senate in the near future. Mr. Tumulty recently purchased a fine home in the northwest section. Mr. Tumulty announced that he has been offered a position at the same time as the resignation of the President. He said that he was going into a law partnership here with Ex-Representative T. Ansberry.

The statement follows: "I have no definite plans for the future and have no under consideration a law partnership of any kind. It is true that the President has generously offered to me the judicial post vacated by the death of Mr. Justice Montgomery of the Customs Court of Appeals. I have this matter now under consideration, but have reached no decision regarding it."

Magellan Honored in Chile

SANTIAGO, Chile, Nov. 28.—Tribute was paid last night to Fernando Magellan, the discoverer of the Straits of Magellan, in the Municipal Theatre. The occasion was the celebration of the fourth centenary of the discovery of the straits.

Weds His Mother-in-Law; Arrest Halts Honeymoon

Kentucky Couple Face Prison Term and \$5,000 Fine Under the State Statute

Special Dispatch to The Tribune
LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 28.—Putting all jokes aside, Walter Thornton, Paducah cooper, married his mother-in-law, and the joke would not stay put, and now the newlywed couple are in jail, and the county judge is trying to find out whom or what the joke is on.

"The law says it's on the in-laws," was the view of the county attorney. "How does the law get that way?" asked Thornton and his mother-in-law bride.

"He may be on the law," intimated the county judge as he began to dig into dusty opinions of the Court of Appeals. The marriage took place Thanksgiving Day. The honeymoon lasted until yesterday, when the couple were arrested on the charge of violating the Kentucky statute, which says, among other things, that "a man shall not marry the mother of his wife."

A fine of from \$500 to \$5,000 attaches, and if such a marriage is not terminated a penitentiary sentence is the alternative.

Thornton married May Hale five years ago. They lived together until a year ago. Three weeks ago Thornton obtained a divorce on the ground of adultery, and he and his young daughter continued to live in the home of the mother-in-law, Mrs. Effie Hale.

County Attorney Wickliffe ordered their arrest after reading the marriage announcement. Arraigned before Judge Lang, the newlyweds pleaded that the bride was longer Thornton's mother-in-law, as he obtained the divorce from her daughter.

Judge Lang said there might be something in the case, but the case under advisement until Monday.

Searles Says Will Settlement Must Remain a Secret

Nephew of Millionaire Refuses to Comment on the Report That He Received Five Millions as His Share

Special Dispatch to The Tribune
BOSTON, Nov. 28.—When Albert Victor Seales was asked to-day whether the secret that he had received \$50,000 through his settlement of the contest over the will of his uncle, Edward P. Seales, which left him \$250,000, he said:

"I shall neither say that it is so nor that it is not, nor anything about it. A secret settlement has been made and it is the business of the family. When asked why the settlement must be secret he declared: 'For various reasons. One of them is that all concerned have agreed that it shall be kept secret. Another is that I do not wish to be bothered by the curiosity of spongers and gossips. I am not planning to be what is commonly known as a philanthropist. But there are certain good reasons that I would like to do, but I wish to do them in my own way. I can work better if I am not bothered by a lot of people chasing after me.'"

The nephew admits he doesn't know why his uncle sought to cut him off with but \$250,000, but suspects a love romance played its part.

Fifty-odd years ago a pretty Irish girl married a young man whose name was Katherine Linahan. She caught the eye of Edward Seales. Matters were progressing satisfactorily. Edward's brother, Arthur, came back from war with a broken heart, married Katherine. Albert Victor is his son.

"I shall go on living just about as I have been," said Seales. "I have certain ideas regarding what I want to do. I have that I am sadly lacking in good taste. I have a plan whereby children could be taught things in a way that would give them good taste in everything. I am not a fan of the various things, all without conscious effort. There is plenty to be done, more than I can ever hope to accomplish."

Seales lives in a three-room apartment. He eats his meals at restaurants. He looks to be about thirty-five years old, but admits he is fifty-one. He doesn't seem to be a very young man, but he is not for the fact that he is very hard. He believes he has an idea about airplanes that will revolutionize their construction.

Wilson Offers Tumulty \$12,000 Justiceship

Secretary Is Considering Tender and May Accept if Senate Won't Fight the Appointment

From The Tribune's Washington Bureau
WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, has been offered appointment by the President as Chief Justice of the United States by the Department of Appeals, he announced in a statement to-night.

Mr. Tumulty said that he is considering the appointment. It is understood that the President's offer to the Senate will be sounded regarding the possibility of the Senate confirming the proposed appointment as a permanent position. He is not an outgoing President, and that, in the event of his resignation, the President's secretary will accept the place.

The chief justiceship of the Federal Court is a position of great importance and carries with it an annual salary of \$12,000. It has been generally believed in political circles here that President Wilson would offer his resignation to the Senate in the near future. Mr. Tumulty recently purchased a fine home in the northwest section. Mr. Tumulty announced that he has been offered a position at the same time as the resignation of the President. He said that he was going into a law partnership here with Ex-Representative T. Ansberry.

The statement follows: "I have no definite plans for the future and have no under consideration a law partnership of any kind. It is true that the President has generously offered to me the judicial post vacated by the death of Mr. Justice Montgomery of the Customs Court of Appeals. I have this matter now under consideration, but have reached no decision regarding it."

Zionist Convention Asks Jews in U. S. To Aid Palestine

Moral and Financial Support From America Needed, Speakers Insist, to Make Free Nation Possible

BUFFALO, Nov. 28.—With appeals to the American Jewry for the moral and financial aid which will make Palestine the home of the Jews of the world and the center of Jewish thought and culture, the Zionist organization of America closed its twenty-third annual convention here to-night with a mass meeting. In speeches which pictured the misery of the Jews throughout the centuries since their expulsion from Palestine, speakers warned that the period of trial for the Jews is not yet over. It is for the American Jews, they said, to give the aid which will make a free Palestine possible and which will give the Jews their rightful place among the nations of the world, the speakers said.

Those who spoke were Judge Hugo Pam, of Chicago; Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, of Cleveland, and Judge Julian W. Mack, of Cleveland.

Officers for the coming year were elected as follows: Honorary president, Justice Louis D. Brandeis; honorary vice-president, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise; president, Judge Mack; vice-presidents, Dr. Harry Friedenwald and Nathan Straus; treasurer, Peter J. Schweitzer.

After an all-night and all-day session which began on Saturday night and ended at 3 o'clock to-night, the report of the organization committee was received and adopted. Ten resolutions were adopted which in many respects bring about a reorganization of the Zionist movement.

Great powers are placed in the hands of the national executive committee, which will determine the functions of the Palestine department, which will have full control of the organization. The committee will also organize groups of Zionist districts, which will not be entitled to recognition by the organization unless they fulfill such requirements as the committee shall prescribe. The national executive committee, states the tenth resolution, shall be the final authority on all matters, subject to the constitution and the resolutions adopted.

\$5,000,000 Apportioned For Canadian Schools

Rockefeller Foundation Prepares to Aid Medical Education in Dominion

The preliminary apportionment of the \$5,000,000 fund set aside by the Rockefeller Foundation for medical education in Canada was announced yesterday by George E. Vinson, president of the Rockefeller Foundation.

The appropriations were made after eight months of investigation, including visits to the various medical centers of the Dominion, and are of two kinds, contributions toward the permanent resources of well-established institutions undergoing reorganization, and toward the education of students. Allotments were made to these schools: McGill University, Montreal, \$1,000,000; University of Toronto, \$1,000,000; Dalhousie University, Halifax, \$500,000; University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, \$500,000.

Two millions of the fund was set aside for the future distribution of the fund. Schools in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec are to receive aid from this fund. The University of Montreal and the University of Alberta, Edmonton, each receive \$250,000 a year and further applications will be considered from these schools.

In each case, and a statement issued by the Rockefeller Foundation, now announced reorganization of the plans of development worked out by the institution, which involve substantial expenditures for the future.

This is the initial of a foundation's plans to help Canadian medical schools. The fund was first set aside for that purpose after John D. Rockefeller, Jr., died in 1919. In December, 1919, the foundation received \$5,000,000 from the Rockefeller family and \$200,000,000 to the Educational Board. At that time he told the directors of the foundation that his intention had been to give the needs of the Dominion medical schools.

Going On To-day

DAY
American Museum of Natural History, admission free.
Metropolitan Museum of Art, admission 25 cents.
Aquarium, admission free.
Zoological Park, admission 25 cents.

Exhibition on the American Expedition to China by the American Expedition to China, 1911-1912, 1913-1914, 1915-1916, 1917-1918, 1919-1920, 1921-1922, 1923-1924, 1925-1926, 1927-1928, 1929-1930, 1931-1932, 1933-1934, 1935-1936, 1937-1938, 1939-1940, 1941-1942, 1943-1944, 1945-1946, 1947-1948, 1949-1950, 1951-1952, 1953-1954, 1955-1956, 1957-1958, 1959-1960, 1961-1962, 1963-1964, 1965-1966, 1967-1968, 1969-1970, 1971-1972, 1973-1974, 1975-1976, 1977-1978, 1979-1980, 1981-1982, 1983-1984, 1985-1986, 1987-1988, 1989-1990, 1991-1992, 1993-1994, 1995-1996, 1997-1998, 1999-2000, 2001-2002, 2003-2004, 2005-2006, 2007-2008, 2009-2010, 2011-2012, 2013-2014, 2015-2016, 2017-2018, 2019-2020, 2021-2022, 2023-2024, 2025-2026, 2027-2028, 2029-2030, 2031-2032, 2033-2034, 2035-2036, 2037-2038, 2039-2040, 2041-2042, 2043-2044, 2045-2046, 2047-2048, 2049-2050, 2051-2052, 2053-2054, 2055-2056, 2057-2058, 2059-2060, 2061-2062, 2063-2064, 2065-2066, 2067-2068, 2069-2070, 2071-2072, 2073-2074, 2075-2076, 2077-2078, 2079-2080, 2081-2082, 2083-2084, 2085-2086, 2087-2088, 2089-2090, 2091-2092, 2093-2094, 2095-2096, 2097-2098, 2099-2100, 2101-2102, 2103-2104, 2105-2106, 2107-2108, 2109-2110, 2111-2112, 2113-2114, 2115-2116, 2117-2118, 2119-2120, 2121-2122, 2123-2124, 2125-2126, 2127-2128, 2129-2130, 2131-2132, 2133-2134, 2135-2136, 2137-2138, 2139-2140, 2141-2142, 2143-2144, 2145-2146, 2147-2148, 2149-2150, 2151-2152, 2153-2154, 2155-2156, 2157-2158, 2159-2160, 2161-2162, 2163-2164, 2165-2166, 2167-2168, 2169-2170, 2171-2172, 2173-2174, 2175-2176, 2177-2178, 2179-2180, 2181-2182, 2183-2184, 2185-2186, 2187-2188, 2189-2190, 2191-2192, 2193-2194, 2195-2196, 2197-2198, 2199-2200, 2201-2202, 2203-2204, 2205-2206, 2207-2208, 2209-2210, 2211-2212, 2213-2214, 2215-2216, 2217-2218, 2219-2220, 2221-2222, 2223-2224, 2225-2226, 2227-2228, 2229-2230, 2231-2232, 2233-2234, 2235-2236, 2237-2238, 2239-2240, 2241-2242, 2243-2244, 2245-2246, 2247-2248, 2249-2250, 2251-2252, 2253-2254, 2255-2256, 2257-2258, 2259-2260, 2261-2262, 2263-2264, 2265-2266, 2267-2268, 2269-2270, 2271-2272, 2273-2274, 2275-2276, 2277-2278, 2279-2280, 2281-2282, 2283-2284, 2285-2286, 2287-2288, 2289-2290, 2291-2292, 2293-2294, 2295-2296, 2297-2298, 2299-2300, 2301-2302, 2303-2304, 2305-2306, 2307-2308, 2309-2310, 2311-2312, 2313-2314, 2315-2316, 2317-2318, 2319-2320, 2321-2322, 2323-2324, 2325-2326, 2327-2328, 2329-2330, 2331-2332, 2333-2334, 2335-2336, 2337-2338, 2339-2340, 2341-2342, 2343-2344, 2345-2346, 2347-2348, 2349-2350, 2351-2352, 2353-2354, 2355-2356, 2357-2358, 2359-2360, 2361-2362, 2363-2364, 2365-2366, 2367-2368, 2369-2370, 2371-2372, 2373-2374, 2375-2376, 2377-2378, 2379-2380, 2381-2382, 2383-2384, 2385-2386, 2387-2388, 2389-2390, 2391-2392, 2393-2394, 2395-2396, 2397-2398, 2399-2400, 2401-2402, 2403-2404, 2405-2406, 2407-2408, 2409-2410, 2411-2412, 2413-2414, 2415-2416, 2417-2418, 2419-2420, 2421-2422, 2423-2424, 2425-2426, 2427-2428, 2429-2430, 2431-2432, 2433-2434, 2435-2436, 2437-2438, 2439-2440, 2441-2442, 2443-2444, 2445-2446, 2447-2448, 2449-2450, 2451-2452, 2453-2454, 2455-2456, 2457-2458, 2459-2460, 2461-2462, 2463-2464, 2465-2466, 2467-2468, 2469-2470, 2471-2472, 2473-2474, 2475-2476, 2477-2478, 2479-2480, 2481-2482, 2483-2484, 2485-2486, 2487-2488, 2489-2490, 2491-2492, 2493-2494, 2495-2496, 2497-2498, 2499-2500, 2501-2502, 2503-2504, 2505-2506, 2507-2508, 2509-2510, 2511-2512, 2513-2514, 2515